TRUST AND AUTONOMY SUPPORTING TEACHER'S PROFESSIONAL ROLE

Framtidens lærerrolle i Norden

September 7, 2022, Oslo, Norway Auli Toom, Professor, University of Helsinki, Finland

HELSINGIN YLIOPISTO HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI



ORIENTATION

- Characteristics of teacher's professional work
- Teacher's authentic professional action
- Autonomy in teacher's professional work
- Trust as a precondition for teacher's work
- Conclusions



TEACHERS AS MAKERS OF THE MANY

Teachers as key persons at schools and in the society (Juvonen & Toom, 2021)

- educating students and facilitating their learning,
- constructing and implementing curriculum,
- launching innovations, developing schools

Teachers' professional responsibilities (e.g. Toom & Husu, 2012; 2018)

- responsible and ethical code of conduct
- professional development, facilitation of learning of others
- inquiring orientation towards teacher's work

Teachers' interaction with community and society (Juvonen & Toom, in press)

Promoting societal changes

HELSINGIN YLIOPISTO HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI



TEACHING IS "A THINKING PRACTICE"

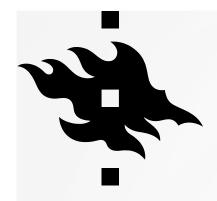
- Teacher's work is demanding knowledge-intensive academic work in multiple social contexts, human relations and interactions
- It includes long-term systematic educational processes as well as quick and changing interactions with students and colleagues that require continuous problem solving and decision-making
- Availability and changed usage of knowledge, learning-focused approach to teaching, digitalisation, and increasing diversity challenge teachers and encourage them to learn continuously (Husu & Toom, 2017)
- For their everyday work, teachers need strong expertise and *professional agency* (Pyhältö et al., 2011; Toom, 2017)
- The core practice of teaching integrates reasoning and knowing with action (cf. Lampert, 1998; Loewenberg Ball, 2000)



TEACHER'S WORK PRESUPPOSES STRONG PROFESSIONAL EXPERTISE

- Teacher's work presupposes professional expertise in
 - learning and instruction
 - interaction
 - wellbeing
 - school development

(Soini et al., 2016; Toom, 2017)



TEACHER'S AUTHENTIC PROFESSIONAL ACTION: PERSON IN A TEACHER'S ROLE

Teachers' professional role requirements (cf. Buchmann, 1986; Beck, 2008; Toom & Husu, 2012)

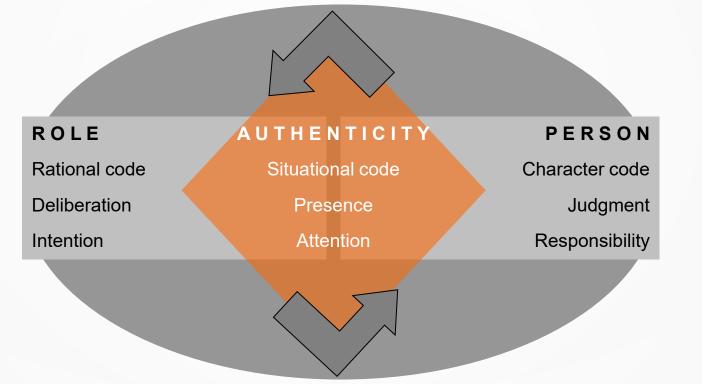
- Societal expectations, norms and regulations set for teachers' professional work
- Deliberate professional action, support and caring of pupils (Husu & Tirri, 2007; Husu, 2002)
- Intentional pedagogical collaboration and development of school with colleagues

Teachers' personal characteristics

- Realisation of teacher's own strengths and professional identity (Kumpulainen, Toom & Saalasti, 2010, 2012)
- Reflective approach towards teacher's work, pondered professional judgments (Kansanen et al., 2000; Niemi, 1998; Husu, Toom & Patrikainen, 2008)
- Strong and ethical commitment to teacher's profession (Niemi, 2011)

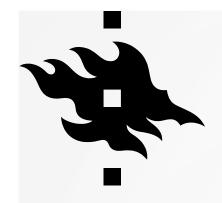


ROLE OVER PERSON: AUTHENTICITY IN TEACHING (CF. BUCHMANN, 1986)



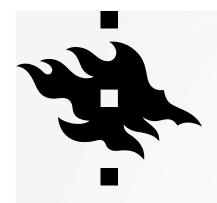
(Husu & Toom, 2008; 2010; Toom & Husu, 2012)

HELSINGIN YLIOPISTO HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI



TEACHER'S PROFESSIONAL WORK REQUIRES AUTONOMY

- Autonomy is an essential cornerstone allowing teachers to do their educational work
- Autonomy allows teachers to do their work authentically: a person acting in a teacher's role
- It is fundamental that teachers as professionals define the foundational values and consider their enactment
- Autonomy "rests" on the collectivity and operates within the professional and societal norms



TRUST AS A PRECONDITION FOR TEACHER'S PROFESSIONAL WORK

- Trust in teachers as professionals in the society and communities (Zeichner et al., 2016)
 - Policy makers, stakeholders, parents
- Trust of school leadership on teachers: providing support and freedom
- Trust as a precondition for collegial co-operation among teachers
- Trust between teachers and pupils (cf. Troman, 2000; Hargreaves, 1998)



EDUCATING WITHIN A SOCIETY: THE MINDSET OF THE NORDIC EDUCATIONAL SYSTEMS

- Democratic and consensus-seeking ethos of decision-making in the issues of educational policy
- Respect for learning and education (Niemi, 2012; Simola, 2005)
- Trust in teachers and education on various levels
- Hope for a better society and individual life
 - Education as a resource of hope (cf. Amsler, 2009; Sahlberg, 2007)
 - Brighter individual and societal futures through education



CONCLUSIONS

- Teachers are key persons at schools and society to promote student learning and make change
- Teaching is "a thinking practice"
- Teachers need strong expertise and professional agency in their work
- Autonomy allows teachers to act authentically
- Broad trust on various systemic levels is a cornerstone for teachers professional work
- How do we maintain and enhance Nordic mindset in education also in the future?



THANK YOU!

Auli Toom, Professor of Higher Education

Director, Helsinki University Center for University Teaching and Learning

Vice-Dean (Research), Faculty of Educational Sciences, University of Helsinki

auli.toom@helsinki.fi

Research Projects

Early Career Teachers' Professional Agency Across Four European Countries – Key for Sustainable Educational Change? (2018-2022, Academy of Finland)

PIONEERED - Pioneering policies and practices tackling educational inequalities in Europe (2021-2024, Horizon 2020)

SCIREARLY – Policies and practices based on scientific research for reducing underachievement and early school leaving in Europe (2022-2025, HORIZON 2021)

HELSINGIN YLIOPISTO HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI